

Emotional Literacy Framework

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Core Competency	Self Awareness	Self Management	Social Awareness	Relationship Skills	Responsible Decision Making	Anti Bullying/ Transition
Definition	The ability to accurately recognise one's own emotions, thoughts and values and how they influence behaviour. The ability to accurately assess one's strengths and limitations with a well-grounded sense of confidence and optimism.	The ability to successfully regulate one's emotions, thoughts and behaviours in different situations – effectively managing stress, controlling impulses, and motivating oneself. The ability to set and work towards personal and academic goals.	The ability to take the perspective of and empathise with others. The ability to understand social and ethical norms for behaviour and to recognise family, school and community resources and supports.	The ability to establish and maintain healthy relationships with diverse individuals and groups. The ability to communicate clearly, listen well, cooperate with others, resist inappropriate social pressure, negotiate conflict constructively and seek and offer help when needed.	The ability to make constructive choices about personal behaviour and social interactions. The realistic evaluation of consequences of various actions and a consideration of the wellbeing of oneself and others.	Learn about anti bullying. Transition support to new class/ secondary school.
Associated Skills	Identifying emotions	Impulse controlStress management	Understanding emotions	 Communicatio n 	 Identifying problems 	n/a



	 Accurate self- perception Recognising strengths Self-confidence Self-efficacy 	 Self-discipline Self-motivation Goal setting Organisational skills Growth Mindset 	 Empathy/symp athy Appreciating diversity Respect for others 	 Social engagement Relationship building Teamwork 	 Analysing solutions Solving problems Evaluating Reflecting Ethical responsibility 	
Nursery	Can they effectively identify and label a range of emotions?	Can they demonstrate a commitment to their own personal	Can they talk about how they and others show feelings?	Can they talk about their own and others' behaviour and consequences?	Are they able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression? (e.g.	Can they say what makes a good friend?
Reception		growth? (e.g. use positive, 'can do' language)	Can they talk about the impact that external factors have on their emotions?		talk to an adult, finding a compromise)	Can they explain what to do if someone does something they don't like?
Year 1	Can they identify what emotions are? Can they use vocabulary to describe good and not so good feelings (Y1-	Can they identify difficult emotions and what made them feel this way? Can they use simple strategies to manage feelings?	Can they identify and understand how others are feeling? Can they use the RULER blueprint to help them solve a problem?	Can they identify what makes a good friend? Can they recognise when people are being unkind either to them or others, and know how to respond, who to	Can they identify a problem and think of solutions? Can they make a choice between two things/ actions?	Can they explain why teasing and bullying is wrong and how to get help?



Year 2	 cheerful, glum, angry, calm Y2 – excited, frustrated, bored and peaceful)? Can they begin to identify how they can change the way they are feeling? Can they recognise and celebrate their own strengths? 	Can they explain how their brain is like a muscle? Can they identify how mistakes help them learn? Can they understand that if they persevere they can achieve something they can't do yet? Can they set simple	Can they identify ways in which they can be kind? Can they identify similarities and differences between themselves and others? Can they identify things that unite them with their community?	tell, and what to say? Can they explain what a good listener looks like? Can they recognise someone else might have a different point of view? Can they work with someone else to complete a task?	Are they aware of rules for and ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe? (including online safety) Are they aware of how their actions affect themselves and others?	
Year 3	Are they aware of what positively and negatively affects their emotional health? (how they are feeling)	but challenging goals? Can they identify a wider range of difficult emotions and what made them feel this way? Can they use a wider range of	Can they deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings using appropriate vocabulary?	Can they work well in a group? Can they look and sound friendly; be a good listener (taking turns); give and receive compliments and see things from	Are they aware of the concept of 'keeping something confidential or secret', and do they know when it is appropriate to 'break a	



Year 4	Can they use a	strategies to	Can they recognise	someone else's	confidence' or	
	wider vocabulary	manage feelings?	how someone else	point of view?	'share a secret'?	
	to express positive		is feeling and relate			
	and negative	Can they set goals	this to when they		Can they identify a	
	emotions (Y3-	and identify steps	felt the same way?	Can they take on a	problem and think	
	joyful, furious,	for overcoming an		role in a group and	of solutions?	
	jealous and relaxed	anxiety or fear?	Can they use the	contribute to the		
	Y4 – motivated,		RULER blueprint to	overall outcome?	Can they identify	
	fear and anxiety,	Can they	help them solve a		how the actions	
	worried, satisfied)?	understand how	problem?	Can they discuss in	they take may	
		they can "grow"		a group how well	impact others?	
	Can they reflect on	their brain?		we are working		
	and celebrate their		Are they aware of	together?	Can they	
	achievements,	Can they	how their actions		understand what	
	identify their	demonstrate how	affect themselves	Can they recognise	choices are and	
	strengths and areas	having a growth	and others?	when and how to	how to make	
	for improvement?	mindset can help		ask for help?	them?	
		them overcome a	Do they recognise			
		challenge?	what the difference	Can they use	Can they make safe	
			between a right	peaceful problem	choices online?	
		Can they set high	•	solving to sort out		
		aspirations and	and a responsibility	difficulties?		
		goals?	is?			
				Can they tell you		
		Can they discuss	Can they	what a 'win-win'		
		change, loss and	understand the	solution is and		
		separation?	benefits to	always try to find		
			themselves and	one in a conflict		
				situation?		



			others from being kind? Can they explain how to make someone feel welcome? Can they explain why we have rules?	Can they use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, or that they believe to be wrong?		
Year 5	Are they aware of what positively and negatively affects their mental and emotional health? Do they understand the science behind	Can they identify a wider range of difficult emotions and what made them feel this way? Can they use a wider range of strategies to	Can they deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings by extending their vocabulary to explain both the range and intensity	Do they know that my relationships are all different and that different ways of behaving are appropriate to different types of relationships?	Can they recognise how images in the media do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves?	Can they use role play or other to demonstrate techniques they have learnt on how to deal with bullying?
Year 6	emotions? Can they use a wider vocabulary	manage feelings? Can they recognise and respond to the	of their feelings to others?	Can they accept and appreciate people's friendship and try not to	Can they explain how to make good choices?	



to express positive	emotions they	Can they talk about	demand more than	Can they evaluate
and negative	feel?	rights and	they are able or	the choices they
emotions (Y5		responsibilities?	wish to give?	make?
aspirational,	Can they recognise			
anxious,	that they may	Can they use the	Do they know that	Can they identify
embarrassed,	experience	RULER blueprint to	sometimes	the consequences
grateful Y6-	conflicting	help them solve a	difference can be a	of choices they
optimistic,	emotions and	problem?	barrier to	make?
apprehensive,	when they might		friendship?	
stressed,	need to listen to			
balanced)?	their emotions or	Can they recognise	Do they try to	Can they identify
	overcome them?	how people are	recognise when I,	how the choices
		feeling, see their	or other people,	they make affect
Can they reflect or		perspective and	are prejudging	others?
and celebrate thei	r why sleep is	understand	people, and make	
achievements,	important and	different social	an effort to	Can they make safe
identify their	some things that	situations?	overcome their	choices online?
strengths and area	s can affect their	Can they explain	own assumptions?	
for improvement?	sleep?	what empathy is		Can they
		and recognise it in	Are they able to	understand the
Can they	Can they explain	others?	see a situation	term "ethical
appreciate the	how mistakes help		from another	responsibility"?
strengths of	them learn?	Can they show	person's	
others?		empathy and	perspective?	Can they explain
	Can they set high	compassion to		how to be an
	aspirations and	others?	Do they know how	ethical consumer?
	goals?		it can feel to be	
		Can they identify	excluded or treated	
		what to do and say	badly because of	



	haing different in
to ensure people	being different in
feel listened to,	some way?
valued and	
respected?	Can they tell you
	some things that a
Can they identify	good leader should
when someone	do?
might feel lonely or	
left out?	When they are
	working in a group
	can they tell people
	if they agree or
	don't agree with
	them and why?
	When they are
	working in a group
	can they listen to
	people when they
	don't agree with
	them and think
	about what they
	have said?
	Conthey couthings
	Can they say things
	and do things that
	are likely to make a
	difficult situation
	better?



Can they use their
skills for solving
problems
peacefully to help
other people
resolve conflict?
Can they tell you
things that they or
other people
sometimes do or
say in a conflict
situation that
usually make things
worse?
Do they know that
it is important in a
conflict situation to
talk about what
someone has done
or said, not the
person
themselves?
Can they use
language ('I
messages') that
does not make



	conflict situations worse? Are they aware of the people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe and ways that they can help these people? Can they use basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something dangerous, unhealthy, that makes them uncomfortable, anxious or that they believe to be
t	anxious or that they believe to be wrong?



Emotional Vocabulary Progression Map										
	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Happiness	Нарру	Нарру	Relieved	Upbeat	Playful	Playful	Fulfilled			
	Jolly	Jolly	Нарру	Satisfied	Upbeat	Upbeat	Ecstatic			
		Amused	Jolly	Relieved	Satisfied	Satisfied	Jubilant			
		Cheerful	Cheerful	Нарру	Relieved	Relieved	Playful			
			Amused	Jolly	Нарру	Нарру	Upbeat			
				Cheerful	Jolly	Jolly	Satisfied			
				Amused	Cheerful	Cheerful	Relieved			
					Amused	Amused	Нарру			
							Jolly			
							Cheerful			
							Amused			
Motivated	Curious	Energetic	Engaged	Motivated	Lively	Lively	Passionate			
	Excited	Curious	Energetic	Engaged	Determined	Determined	Inspired			
		Excited	Curious	Energetic	Motivated	Motivated	Committed			
			Excited	Curious	Engaged	Engaged	Persistent			
				Excited	Energetic	Energetic	Lively			
					Curious	Curious	Determined			
					Excited	Excited	Motivated			
							Engaged			
							Energetic			
							Curious			
							Excited			



Empowered	Brave	Courageous	Bold	Self-esteem	Assertive	Assertive	Triumphant
		Brave	Courageous	Bold	Self-esteem	Self-esteem	Secure
			Brave	Courageous	Bold	Bold	Invincible
				Brave	Courageous	Courageous	Competent
					Brave	Brave	Empowered
							Assertive
							Self-esteem
							Bold
							Courageous
							Brave
Empathy	Kind	Polite	Generous	Thoughtful	Forgiving	Forgiving	Compassionate
		Kind	Polite	Generous	Considerate	Considerate	Altruistic
			Kind	Polite	Thoughtful	Thoughtful	Sympathetic
				Kind	Generous	Generous	Empathetic
					Polite	Polite	Forgiving
					Kind	Kind	Considerate
							Thoughtful
							Generous
							Polite
							Kind
Calm	Relaxed	Carefree	Peaceful	Soothed	Satisfied	Satisfied	Contemplative
	Calm	Relaxed	Carefree	Peaceful	Mellow	Mellow	Tranquil
		Calm	Relaxed	Carefree	Soothed	Soothed	Content
			Calm	Relaxed	Peaceful	Peaceful	Serene
				Calm	Carefree	Carefree	Satisfied
					Relaxed	Relaxed	Mellow
					Calm	Calm	Soothed



							Peaceful Carefree Relaxed Calm
Anger	Angry Mad Cross	Angry Mad Cross	Angry Mad Cross Frustrated	Enraged Angry Mad Cross Frustrated	Irritated Enraged Angry Mad Cross Frustrated	Irritated Enraged Angry Mad Cross Frustrated	Frustrated Fuming Annoyed Irritated Enraged Angry Mad Cross Frustrated
Fear	Scared	Scared	Worried Bullied Scared	Shocked Worried Bullied Scared	Shocked Worried Bullied Scared	Shocked Worried Bullied Scared	Stunned Frightened Apprehensive Panicked Shocked Worried Bullied Scared
Guilt/shame	Embarrassed	Embarrassed Guilty	Shame Embarrassed Guilty	Forgiving Shame Embarrassed Guilty	Ashamed Forgiving Shame Embarrassed Guilty	Ashamed Forgiving Shame Embarrassed Guilty	Remorse Scapegoat Remorse Regret Accountable Ashamed



							Forgiving Shame Embarrassed Guilty
Unhapiness	Sad Upset	Uneasy Sad Upset Glum	Uneasy Tense Sad Upset Glum	Stressed Uneasy Tense Sad Upset Glum	Stressed Uneasy Tense Sad Upset Glum	Stressed Uneasy Tense Sad Upset Glum	Stressed Uneasy Tense Sad Upset Glum
Low Motivation/ Energy			Bored	Bored Drained	Bored Drained Fatigued	Bored Drained Fatigued	Bored Sleepy Disheartened Drained Fatigued
Excluded	Lonely	Left out Lonely	Bullied Left out Lonely	Rejected Bullied Left out Lonely	Excluded Rejected Bullied Left out Lonely	Alienated Prejudiced Segregated Excluded Rejected Bullied Left out Lonely	Alienated Discriminated Alienated Prejudiced Segregated Excluded Rejected Bullied Left out Lonely