

Knowledge and Skills Progression Map: Design and Technology

EYFS ELG's

Children at the expected level of development will: • Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form, and function; • Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; **EYFS** Working with tools, equipment, materials and Developing, planning and communicating ideas **Evaluating processes and products** components to make quality products Can they make observations about the features of Can they explain what they are making? Can they identify success and next steps? Can they change their strategy as needed? objects? Can they select appropriate resources and tools? Can they use their senses to explore and describe Can they explain which tools are they using and objects? whv? Can they think of some ideas of their own? Can they use tools safely? Can they plan how best to approach a task Can they use tools to manipulate materials? Growing Cooking Nutrition **Enjoying Food** Do they understand the life cycle of Are they aware that ingredients are Do they understand that food is a Can they talk about foods they like basic requirement of life? available from a range of sources and dislike with reasons? plants and animals? Do they understand that all food (shops, markets, grown at home)? • Do they understand that we need • Can they discuss the food that they comes from plants or animals? • Can they select and use appropriate food to grow, be active and eat during special occasions or tools needed for a recipe? cultural celebrations? (e.g. birthday, Can they describe how food makes maintain health? the journey from farm to fork? Can they use tools effectively and • Can they sort a selection of foods Eid, etc.) Are they willing to try new foods? Do they understand what plants safely? into healthy and unhealthy groups?

• Can they identify and talk about a

range of fruits and vegetables?

Can they identify and use the

appropriate ingredients for a

recipe?

need to grow

Expressive Arts and Design: Creating with Materials ELG

Can they complete basic hygiene tasks? (e.g. wash hands)	
tasks: (e.g. wasii ilalius)	
See EYES Medium Term Plans for detail on teaching and learning activities n	wided

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment].

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

- design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

- select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]
- select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

- explore and evaluate a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Technical knowledge

- build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable
- explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles] in their products

Cooking and Nutrition

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from

Year 1							
De	signing	Ma	king				
<u>Understanding contexts, users and purposes</u> <u>Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas</u>		<u>Planning</u>	Practical skills and techniques				
 work confidently within a range of contexts, such as imaginary, story-based, home, school, gardens, playgrounds, local community, industry and the wider environment state what products they are designing and making say whether their products are for themselves or other users 	 generate ideas by drawing on their own experiences use knowledge of existing products to help come up with ideas 	 plan by suggesting what to do next select from a range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices select from a range of materials and components according to their characteristics 	 follow procedures for safety and hygiene use a range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients and mechanical components measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components 				

 describe what their products ar say how their products will wor say how they will make their products suitable for their inter users use simple design criteria to he develop their ideas 	k ups • use infortechnologided develop	making templates and mock rmation and communication ogy, where appropriate, to and communicate their		material use finis	e, join and combine Is and components hing techniques, including om art and design
	Evaluating		Technical Know	rledge C	cooking and Nutrition
Own ideas and products		<u>products</u>	Making products work	Where f	ood comes from eparation, cooking and
 talk about their design ideas an what they are making make simple judgements about their products and ideas agains design criteria suggest how their products cou improved 	 who pro what pro how pro how pro where po what man from 		 about the simple working characteristics of mater components about the movement of mechanisms such as less wheels and axles how freestanding struct made stronger, stiffer a stable that a 3-D textiles products assembled from two ideas shapes that food ingredients shapes that food ingredients shapes the correct technical votathe projects they are united. 	that all f animals that foor elsewher elsewhers, sliders, tures can be and more uct can be entical fabric hould be their sensory that all f animals that foor elsewher the five that every da how to g and hygi heat sou cutting,	d has to be farmed, grown re (e.g. home) or caught name and sort foods into groups in The Eat well plate ryone should eat at least tions of fruit and vegetables by prepare simple dishes safely ienically, without using a
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Overview Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Mechanisms	Mechanisms	Structures	Structures	Textiles	Food
	ondon Eye/ Ferris Wheel	Georgian Dolls House	Woodwork – bird houses/bug hotels	Puppets	Fruit and Vegetables - smoothies









Stand alone unit



Wildlife Home Designs



Kapow unit



Kapow unit

De	signing	Making		
Understanding contexts, users and purposes	Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	<u>Planning</u>	Practical skills and techniques	
 work confidently within a range of contexts, such as imaginary, story-based, home, school, gardens, playgrounds, local community, industry and the wider environment state what products they are designing and making say whether their products are for themselves or other users describe what their products are for say how their products will work say how they will make their products suitable for their intended users use simple design criteria to help develop their ideas 	 generate ideas by drawing on their own experiences use knowledge of existing products to help come up with ideas develop and communicate ideas by talking and drawing model ideas by exploring materials, components and construction kits and by making templates and mock ups use information and communication technology, where appropriate, to develop and communicate their ideas 	 plan by suggesting what to do next select from a range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices select from a range of materials and components according to their characteristics 	 follow procedures for safety and hygiene use a range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients and mechanical components measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components assemble, join and combine materials and components use finishing techniques, including those from art and design 	
Eva	luating	Technical Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition	
Own ideas and products	Existing products	Making products work	Where food comes from Food preparation, cooking and nutrition	
 talk about their design ideas and what they are making make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria suggest how their products could be improved 	 what products are who products are for what products are for how products work how products are used where products might be used what materials products are made from what they like and dislike about products 	 about the simple working characteristics of materials and components about the movement of simple mechanisms such as levers, sliders, wheels and axles how freestanding structures can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable 	 that all food comes from plants or animals that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught how to name and sort foods into the five groups in The Eat well plate that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day 	

				 that a 3-D textiles products assembled from two ideas shapes that food ingredients shaped according to characteristics 	entical fabric	and hygi heat sou • how to u	repare simple dishes safely enically, without using a rce se techniques such as peeling and grating
				the correct technical vo the projects they are ur	•		
-			1	Overview	T		T
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Sur	mmer 1	Summer 2
	Textiles	Mechanisms	3D Structures	3D Structures	Mecha	anisms	Food
	Making a pouch	Sliders and Levers	Castles	Packaging	Wheels a	nd Axels	A Balanced Diet – Wrap
	Kapow unit	Great Fire of London Animation Adapted kapow unit for GFOL animation	Kapow unit	Access Art unit Food Great British Bake Off			Kapow unit

National Curriculum Key Stage 2

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts [for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment]. When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

- select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately
- select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Evaluate

- investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

Technical knowledge

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
- understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]
- apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products

Cooking and Nutrition

- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

Year 3						
De	signing	Making				
Understanding contexts, users and Generating, developing, modelling and		Planning	Practical skills and techniques			
purposes	communicating ideas					
 work confidently within a range of 	 share and clarify ideas through 	 select tools and equipment suitable 	follow procedures for safety and			
contexts, such as the home, school,	discussion	for the task	hygiene			
leisure, culture, enterprise, industry	 model their ideas using prototypes 		use a wider range of materials and			
and the wider environment	and pattern pieces		components than KS1, including			

 describe the purpose of their products indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users explain how particular parts of their products work gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas 	 share and clarify ideas through discussion model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces use annotated sketches, crosssectional drawings and exploded diagrams to develop and communicate their ideas use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas generate realistic ideas, focusing on the needs of the user make design decisions that take account of the availability of resources 	 explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using select materials and components suitable for the task explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities order the main stages of making 	construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components with some accuracy assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design, with some accuracy
	aluating	Technical Knowledge Making products work	Cooking and Nutrition Where food comes from
Own ideas and products	Existing products		Food preparation, cooking and nutrition
 identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work refer to their design criteria as they design and make use their design criteria to evaluate their completed products 	 how well products have been designed how well products have been made why materials have been chosen what methods of construction have been used how well products work how well products achieve their purposes how well products meet user needs and wants who designed and made the products where products were designed and made 	 how to use learning from science to help design and make products that work how to use learning from mathematics to help design and make products that work that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities that materials can be combined and mixed to create more useful characteristics that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output 	 how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink, as depicted in The eat well plate

•	when	products	were	designed	and
	made				

- reused
- the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking
- whether products can be recycled or | how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages or pneumatic systems create movement
 - how simple electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products
 - how to program a computer to control their products
 - how to make strong, stiff shell structures
 - that a single fabric shape can be used to make a 3D textiles product
 - that food ingredients can be fresh, pre-cooked and processed

that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body

Unit Overview

Autumn 1 Textiles Fastenings Phone Case Kapow Unit Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2 Mechanical Systems Pneumatic Toys Mechanical Systems Pneumatic Toys Mechanical Systems Pneumatic Toys Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit	Offit Overview							
Fastenings Phone Case Design an earthquake proof building Pneumatic Toys Electronic Charm Seasonal Foods Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Phone Case building (TTS project kit/ Projects Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit	Textiles	Electrical Systems	Structures	Mechanical Systems	Digital World	Food		
Kapow Unit (TTS project kit/ Projects Kapow Unit Kapow Unit Kapow Unit	•	Fan Boats		Pneumatic Toys	Electronic Charm	Seasonal Foods		
	Kapow Unit			Kapow Unit	** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Kapow Unit		

Year 4					
De	signing	Making			
Understanding contexts, users and purposes	Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Planning	Practical skills and techniques		
 work confidently within a range of contexts, such as the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment describe the purpose of their products indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users explain how particular parts of their products work gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas 	 share and clarify ideas through discussion model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces share and clarify ideas through discussion model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces use annotated sketches, crosssectional drawings and exploded diagrams to develop and communicate their ideas use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas generate realistic ideas, focusing on the needs of the user make design decisions that take account of the availability of resources 	 select tools and equipment suitable for the task explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using select materials and components suitable for the task explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities order the main stages of making 	 follow procedures for safety and hygiene use a wider range of materials and components than KS1, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components with some accuracy assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design, with some accuracy 		
Eva	lluating	Technical Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition		
Own ideas and products	Existing products	Making products work	Where food comes from Food preparation, cooking and nutrition		
 identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work 	 how well products have been designed how well products have been made why materials have been chosen what methods of construction have been used how well products work 	 how to use learning from science to help design and make products that work how to use learning from mathematics to help design and make products that work 	 how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, 		

- refer to their design criteria as they design and make
- use their design criteria to evaluate their completed products
- how well products achieve their purposes
- how well products meet user needs and wants
- who designed and made the products
- where products were designed and made
- when products were designed and made
- whether products can be recycled or reused

- that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- that materials can be combined and mixed to create more useful characteristics
- that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output
- the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking
- how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages or pneumatic systems create movement
- how simple electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products
- how to program a computer to control their products
- how to make strong, stiff shell structures
- that a single fabric shape can be used to make a 3D textiles product
- that food ingredients can be fresh, pre-cooked and processed

- grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking
- that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink, as depicted in The eat well plate
- that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body

Unit Overview

Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2 **Electrical Systems Digital World Mechanical Systems Textiles** Food Structures Make a Light Mindful Moments Make a Shaduf Egyptian Collar with a **Pavillons** Adapting a Recipe fastening Kapow Unit Kapow Unit **Kapow Unit** Kapow Unit

		Kapow Unit				
Royal Academy of Culinary Arts – Adopt a School Programme						

	Year 5						
	De	signing	Making			;	
Ur	nderstanding contexts, users and	Generating, developing, modelling and	Pla	anning	Pra	actical skills and techniques	
ρι	<u>rposes</u>	communicating ideas					
•	work confidently within a range of contexts, such as the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment describe the purpose of their products indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users explain how particular parts of their products work carry out research, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and webbased resources identify the needs, wants, preferences and values of particular individuals and groups develop a simple design	 share and clarify ideas through discussion model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces use annotated sketches, crosssectional drawings and exploded diagrams to develop and communicate their ideas use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas generate innovative ideas, drawing on research make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and cost 	•	select tools and equipment suitable for the task explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using select materials and components suitable for the task explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities produce appropriate lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need formulate step-by-step plans as a guide to making	•	follow procedures for safety and hygiene use a wider range of materials and components than KS1, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components accurately assemble, join and combine materials and components accurately apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design use techniques that involve a number of steps demonstrate resourcefulness when	
	specification to guide their thinking					tackling practical problems	
		aluating		Technical Knowledge		Cooking and Nutrition	
	Own ideas and products	Existing products		Making products work		Where food comes from Food preparation, cooking and nutrition	
•	identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work	 how well products have been designed how well products have been made why materials have been chosen what methods of construction have been used how well products work 	•	how to use learning from science to help design and make products that work how to use learning from mathematics to help design and make products that work	•	that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world that seasons may affect the food available	

- critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of their
- products as they design and make
- evaluate their ideas and products against their original design specification
- how well products achieve their purposes
- how well products meet user needs and wants
- how much products cost to make
- how innovative products are
- how sustainable the materials in products are
- what impact products have beyond their intended purpose

- that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- that materials can be combined and mixed to create more useful characteristics
- that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output
- the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking
- how mechanical systems such as cams or pulleys or gears create movement
- how more complex electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products
- how to program a computer to monitor changes in the environment and control their products
- how to reinforce and strengthen a 3D framework
- that a 3D textiles product can be made from a combination of fabric shapes
- that a recipe can be adapted by adding or substituting one or more ingredients

how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking

Unit Overview

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Mechanical Systems	Textiles	Mechanical Systems	Structures	Digital World	Food
Pop Up Book	Stuffed Toy	Making a Moving Toy	Bridges or Architectural models	Monitoring Devices	What could be healthier?



Year 6								
De	esigning	Making						
Understanding contexts, users and purposes	Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Planning	Practical skills and techniques					
 work confidently within a range of contexts, such as the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment describe the purpose of their products indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users explain how particular parts of their products work carry out research, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and webbased resources identify the needs, wants, preferences and values of particular individuals and groups develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking 	 share and clarify ideas through discussion model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces use annotated sketches, crosssectional drawings and exploded diagrams to develop and communicate their ideas use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas generate innovative ideas, drawing on research make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and cost 	 select tools and equipment suitable for the task explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using select materials and components suitable for the task explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities produce appropriate lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need formulate step-by-step plans as a guide to making 	 follow procedures for safety and hygiene use a wider range of materials and components than KS1, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components accurately assemble, join and combine materials and components accurately apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design use techniques that involve a number of steps demonstrate resourcefulness when tackling practical problems 					
·	aluating	Technical Knowledge Cooking and Nutrition						
Own ideas and products	Existing products	Making products work	Where food comes from Food preparation, cooking and nutrition					
 identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work 	 how well products have been designed how well products have been made why materials have been chosen what methods of construction have been used how well products work 	 how to use learning from science to help design and make products that work how to use learning from mathematics to help design and make products that work 	 that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world that seasons may affect the food available 					

- critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of their
- products as they design and make
- evaluate their ideas and products against their original design specification
- how well products achieve their purposes
- how well products meet user needs and wants
- how much products cost to make
- how innovative products are
- how sustainable the materials in products are
- what impact products have beyond their intended purpose

- that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities
- that materials can be combined and mixed to create more useful characteristics
- that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output
- the correct technical vocabulary for the projects they are undertaking
- how mechanical systems such as cams or pulleys or gears create movement
- how more complex electrical circuits and components can be used to create functional products
- how to program a computer to monitor changes in the environment and control their products
- how to reinforce and strengthen a 3D framework
- that a 3D textiles product can be made from a combination of fabric shapes
- that a recipe can be adapted by adding or substituting one or more ingredients

- how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking
- that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world
- that seasons may affect the food available
- how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking

Unit Overview

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Electrical Systems Steady Hand Game	Structures Playground	Textiles Upcycled Bag	Digital World Navigating the World Kapow Unit	n/a	Food: Come Dine with Me

